# Bachelor's Degree Programme (Four Year Programme) with Hounours/Research

| Semester-I   |               |   |                           |                 |            |
|--|---------------|---|---------------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Core subject-1 (CS-  | Core subject- | Additional/Interdisciplinary                | Skill                     | Extracurricular | Total      |
| 1)- 6 credits  | 2(CS-2)       | subject/                                    | course/Vocational         | course/cc-      | credits-20 |
| Mechanics and  | 6 credits     | Mechanics-4 credits (2+2)                   | course-I-Skill            | 2 credits       |            |
| Properties of  | Other subject | credits                                     | course                    | Basics of       |            |
| Matter   |               | (Theory-2+Practical-2)                      | <b>Basic Electronics-</b> | Environment     |            |
| Theory-1-4credits  |               |   | 2credits                  |                 |            |
| Practical-1-2  |               |   |                           |                 |            |
| credits  |               |   |                           |                 |            |
| Semester-II- (Note : Student will opt skill course of Physics either in 1 <sup>st</sup> year (1-2 semester) or 2 <sup>nd</sup> year (3-4 |               |   |                           |                 |            |
| semester)  |               |   |                           |                 |            |
| Core subject-1 (CS-  | Core subject- | Additional/Interdisciplinary                | Skill                     | Life skill and  | Total      |
| 1)- 6 credits  | 2(CS-2)       | subject/                                    | course/Vocational         | personality     | credits-20 |
| Electricity and  | 6 credits     | Basic electromagnetism-4                    | course-I                  | development/c   |            |
| Magnetism  | Other subject | credits (2+2) credits                       | Waves and                 | с               |            |
| Theory-1-4 credits   |               | (Theory-2+Practical-2)                      | Oscillations-             |                 |            |
| Practical-1-2  |               |   | 2credits                  |                 |            |
| credits  |               |   |                           |                 |            |
| Semester-III   |               |   |                           |                 |            |
| Core subject-1 (CS-  | Core subject- | Additional/Interdisciplinary                | Skill                     | Indian          | Total      |
| 1)- 6 credits  | 2(CS-2)       | subject/                                    | course/Vocational         | Knowledge       | credits-20 |
| Heat and   | 6 credits     | Thermodynamics-4 credits                    | course-l                  | system IKS-I    |            |
| Thermodynamics   | Other subject | (2+2) credits                               | Basic Electronics-        | -2 credits      |            |
| Theory-1-4 credits   |               | (Theory-2+Practical-2)                      | 2credits                  |                 |            |
| Practical-1-2  |               |   |                           |                 |            |
|  |               |   |                           |                 |            |
| Selliester-1 v   |               |   |                           |                 |            |
| Core subject-1 (CS-  | Core subject- | Additional/Interdisciplinary                | SKIII                     | Indian          | Total      |
| 1)- o credits  | 2(CS-2)       | Elementary ontion 4 and its                 | course/vocational         | Nilowiedge      | creans-20  |
| Theory 1.4 gradits   | O creaits     | Elementary optics-4 credits $(2+2)$ gradits | Wayee and                 | 2 gradita       |            |
| Practical 1.2  | Outer subject | (2+2) creatis<br>(Theory 2   Practical 2)   | Oscillations              | -2 creans       |            |
| riacucal-1-2   |               | (Theory-2+Practical-2)                      | Oscillations-             |                 |            |
| credits  |               |   | zcredits                  |                 |            |

# B.Sc. Physics Semester I Core Subject-1 Mechanics and properties of Matter

#### (Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

Laws of Motion and conservation laws: Frames of reference, Newton's Laws of motion, Work and energy, uniform circular motion, Conservation of energy and momentum. Conservative and non-conservative forces, Motion of rocket, Motion of a particle in a central force field, Kepler's laws of planetary motion, Newton's Law of Gravitation, Gravitational field, potential and potential energy, Gravitational potential and field intensity for spherical shell. Satellite, Basic idea of global positioning system (GPS).

**Rotational Motion:** Dynamics of a system of particles, Centre of mass, Angular velocity and momentum, Torque, Conservation of angular momentum, Equation of motion, Moment of inertia, theorem of parallel and perpendicular axis, moment of inertia of rod, rectangular lamina, disc, solid sphere, spherical shell, kinetic energy of rotation, rolling along a slope.

**Fluids:** Surface Tension and surface energy, Excess pressure across surface: application to spherical drops and bubbles, variation of surface tension with temperature - Jaeger's method. Viscosity: Flow of liquid, equation of continuity, energy of fluid, Bernoulli's theorem, Poiseuille's equation and method to determine coefficient of viscosity, Variations of viscosity of a liquid with temperature

**Elasticity:** Hooke's law, Stress –strain, Elastic potential energy, Elastic moduli: Young's, Bulk and shear modulus of rigidity, Poisson's ratio, relation between elastic constants Work done in stretching and in twisting a wire, Twisting couple on a cylinder, Strain energy in twisted cylinder, Determination of Rigidity modulus by statical and dynamical method (Barton's and Maxwell's needle), Torsional pendulum, Young's modulus by bending of beam, Determination of Y,  $\eta$  and  $\sigma$  and moment of inertia by Searle's method.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Mechanics Berkeley Physics course, vol.1: Charles Kittel,et.al.2007,Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Physics Resnick, Halliday & Walker 9/e, 2010, Wiley.
- 3. Mechanics: Mathur and Hemne, S Chand Publications.
- 4. Fundamentals of Mechanics: J. C. Upadyaya, Himalyan Publication.
- 5. Mechanics and General Properties of Matter: P. K. Chakraborty, Books and Allied Pvt. Ltd.
- 6. Elements of mechanics, Prakash & Agrawal, Pragati Prakashan Meerut.

# List of Experiments: MECHANICS AND PROPERTIES OF MATTER

- 1. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity by static method
- 2. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel.
- 3. To determine the Moment of Inertia of an irregular body by Inertia Table
- 4. To determine the Young's Modulus by Bending of Beam Method.
- 5. of a Wire by Maxwell's needle.

- 6. To determine g by Bar Pendulum.
- 7. To determine the Elastic Constants of a Wire by Searle's method.
- 8. To determine the Young's Modulus of a Wire by Optical Lever Method.
- 9. To determine g by Kater's Pendulum.
- 10. To study the Motion of a spring and to determine (a) Spring Constant (b) Value of g

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint and H. T. Worsnop, 1971, AsiaPublishing House.

2. Advanced level Physics Practical's, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers

3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

# **B. Sc Physics (AIDP-1)**

# Semester I

Additional/Interdisciplinary subject/: MECHANICS

(Credits: Theory-02, Practical-2)

**Laws of Motion:** Frames of reference, Newton's Laws of motion, Dynamics of a system of particle, Centre of Mass.

**Momentum and Energy:** Conservation of momentum, Work and energy, Conservation of energy, and Motion of rockets.

**Rotational Motion:** Angular velocity and angular momentum. Torque, Conservation of angular momentum.

**Gravitation:** Newton's Law of Gravitation. Motion of a particle in a central force field (motion is in a plane, angular momentum is conserved, areal velocity is constant).Kepler's Laws (statement only).

#### **Reference Books:**

- University Physics. FW Sears, MW Zemansky and HD Young13/e, 1986. Addison-Wesley
- 2. Mechanics Berkeley Physics course, v.1: Charles Kittle, et. Al. 2007, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Physics Resnick, Halliday & Walker 9/e, 2010, Wiley
- 4. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.

# List of Experiments: MECHANICS AND PROPERTIES OF MATTER

- 1. To determine the Modulus of Rigidity by static method
- 2. To determine the Moment of Inertia of a Flywheel.
- 3. To determine the Moment of Inertia of an irregular body by Inertia Table
- 4. To determine the Young's Modulus by Bending of Beam Method.
- 5. of a Wire by Maxwell's needle.
- 6. To determine g by Bar Pendulum.
- 7. To determine the Elastic Constants of a Wire by Searle's method.
- 8. To determine the Young's Modulus of a Wire by Optical Lever Method.
- 9. To determine g by Kater's Pendulum.
- 10. To study the Motion of a spring and to determine (a) Spring Constant (b) Value of g

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint and H. T. Worsnop, 1971, AsiaPublishing House.

2. Advanced level Physics Practical's, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th

Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

#### **B.Sc. PHYSICS SKILL COURSE / VOCATIONAL COURSE FIRST**

#### SEMESTER- Semester I<sup>st</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> BASIC ELECTRONICS (02 CREDITS)

#### **BASIC ELECTRONICS**

Diode, valve, triode Valve, Tetrode Valve, their characteristics, P-N Junction, Transistors, PNP, and NPN, their characteristics, common emitter, common base, and common base configurations.

Rectifier half wave and Full wave, Filter L-section and  $\pi$  -section, principles of CRO, Principle of operational amplifier.

Boolean algebra, logic Gates, Binary hexadecimal, octal decimal systems, LED, Photodiode. Tunnel diode, Point contact diode, Schotkey diode, SCR.

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Electricity and electronics Saxena, Arora and Prakash (Pragrati Prakashan Meerut).
- 2. Principles of electrical engineering and electronics, v K Metha and Rohit Mehta (S Chand Publication Delhi).

# Semester II Core Subject-1

# **ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETISM**

#### (Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

**Vector Analysis**: Scalar and Vector product, gradient, divergence, Curl and their significance, Vector Integration, Line, surface and volume integrals of Vector fields, Gauss-divergence theorem and Stoke's theorem of vectors

(statement only).

**Electrostatics:** Electrostatic Field, electric flux, Gauss's theorem of electrostatics. Applications of Gauss theorem- Electric field due to point charge, infinite line of charge,

uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere, plane charged sheet, charged conductor. Electric potential as line integral of electric field, potential due to a point charge, electric dipole, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere. Calculation of electric field from potential. Capacitance of an isolated spherical conductor. Parallel plate, spherical and cylindrical condenser. Energy per unit volume in electrostatic field. Dielectric medium, Polarisation, Displacement vector. Gauss's theorem in dielectrics. Parallel plate capacitor completely filled with dielectric.

**Magnetism:** Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's law & its applications- straight conductor, circular coil, solenoid carrying current, Divergence and curl of magnetic field, Magnetic vector potential, Ampere's circuital law.

Magnetic properties of materials: Magnetic intensity, magnetic induction, permeability, magnetic susceptibility. Brief introduction of dia-, para- and ferro-magnetic materials.

**Electromagnetic Induction:** Faraday's laws of electromagnetic induction, Lenz's law, self and mutual inductance, L of single coil, M of two coils. Energy stored in magnetic field.

**Maxwell's equations and Electromagnetic wave propagation:** Equation of continuity of current, Displacement current, Maxwell's equations, Poynting vector, energy density in electromagnetic field, electromagnetic wave propagation through vacuum and isotropic dielectric medium, transverse nature of EM waves, polarization.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986, McGraw-Hill Education
- 2. Electricity and Magnetism, J.H. Fewkes & J. Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ. Press.
- 3. Electricity and Magnetism, D C Tayal, 1988, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- 5.D.J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn, 1998, Benjamin.

# PRACTICALS

1. To use a Multimeter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c)

Dc current, and (d) checking electrical fuses.

- 2. Ballistic Galvanometer:
  - (i) Measuring of charge and current sensitivity
  - (ii) Measurement of CDR
  - (iii) Determine a high resistance by Leakage Method
  - (iv) To determine Self Inductance of a Coil by Rayleigh's Method
- 3. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
- 4. Measurement of field strength B and its variation in a Solenoid (Determine dB/dx).
- 5. To study the Characteristics of a Series RC Circuit.
- 6. To study a series LCR circuit and determine its (a) Resonant Frequency, (b) Quality factor
- 7. To study parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Anti-resonant frequency and (b) Quality factor Q
- 8. To determine a Low Resistance by Carey Foster's Bridge
- 9. To verify the Thevenin and Norton Theorem
- 10. To verify the Superposition and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem

#### **Reference Books**

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint & H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
- Advanced level Physics Practical's, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.

# Semester II

# (AIDP-2)

# Additional/Interdisciplinary subject/ Basic Electromagnetism (Credits: Theory-02+Practical-2)

**Electrostatics:** Electrostatic Field, electric flux, Gauss's theorem of electrostatics. Applications of Gauss theorem- Electric field due to point charge, infinite line of charge, Uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere, plane charged sheet, charged conductor. Electric potential as line integral of electric field, potential due to a point charge, electric dipole, uniformly charged spherical shell and solid sphere. Calculation of electric field from potential, Capacitance of an isolated spherical conductor, Parallel

plate, spherical and cylindrical condenser, Energy per unit volume in electrostatic field, Dielectric medium, Polarization, Displacement vector, Gauss's theorem in dielectrics Parallel plate capacitor completely filled with dielectric.

#### Magnetism:

Magnetostatics: Biot-Savart's law & its applications- straight conductor, circular coil, solenoid carrying current. Divergence and curl of magnetic field. Magnetic vector potential. Ampere's circuital law.

Magnetic properties of materials: Magnetic intensity, magnetic induction, permeability, magnetic susceptibility. Brief introduction of dia-, para- and ferro-magnetic materials.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Electricity and Magnetism, Edward M. Purcell, 1986, McGraw-Hill Education..
- 2. Electricity and Magnetism, J.H. Fewkes & J. Yarwood. Vol. I, 1991, Oxford Univ.Press.
- 3. Electricity and Magnetism, D C Tayal, 1988, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 4. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.
- 5. D.J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn, 1998, Benjamin Cummings.

# PRACTICALS

1.To use a Multimeter for measuring (a) Resistances, (b) AC and DC Voltages, (c)

Dc current, and (d) checking electrical fuses.

2. Ballistic Galvanometer:

- (v) Measuring of charge and current sensitivity
- (vi) Measurement of CDR
- (vii) Determine a high resistance by Leakage Method
- (viii) To determine Self Inductance of a Coil by Rayleigh's Method
- 3. To compare capacitances using De'Sauty's bridge.
- 4. Measurement of field strength B and its variation in a Solenoid (Determine dB/dx).
- 5. To study the Characteristics of a Series RC Circuit.

6. To study a series LCR circuit and determine its (a) Resonant Frequency, (b) Quality factor

7. To study parallel LCR circuit and determine its (a) Anti-resonant frequency and (b) Quality factor Q

- 8. To determine a Low Resistance by Carey Foster's Bridge
- 9. To verify the Thevenin and Norton Theorem
- 10. To verify the Superposition and Maximum Power Transfer Theorem

#### **Reference Books**

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B.L. Flint & H.T. Worsnop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.
  Advanced level Physics Practical's, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers

#### **B Sc PHYSICS, SKILL COURSE / VOCATIONAL COURSE FIRST**

### SEMESTER- 2<sup>nd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup> WAVES AND OSCILLATIONS (02 CREDITS)

#### HAMONIC OSCILLATION

Solution of equation of harmonic motion, simple pendulum, compound pendulum, motion of a vertically loaded spring, LC circuit, energy in simple harmonic motion, addition of simple harmonic motion, damped vibrations, relaxation time, forced harmonic oscillator, sharpness of resonance.

#### WAVES

Nature, production, and propagation, equation of progressive wave, forms of wave equation, longitudinal waves, superposition of waves, stationary waves, their characteristics, and their analytical treatment, phenomenon of beats, Fourier analysis, Fourier theorem, evaluation of constants,  $A_0$ ,  $A_n$  and  $B_n$ , applications of Fourier analysis, square wave, saw tooth wave, vibration of a stretched strings, velocity, vibrations of a rectangular membrane, velocity, Doppler's shift, ultrasonic waves-definition, production and applications. Reference Books

- 1. A textbook of waves and oscillations, Ashok K Ganguli (S Chand).
- 2. Oscillations and waves, Satya Prakash (Pragrati Prakashan Meerut).

# Semester III Core Subject-1

### Heat and Thermodynamics

### (Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

Thermodynamic Description of system and laws of thermodynamics: Zeroth Law of thermodynamics and temperature. First law and internal energy, conversion of heat into work, Various Thermodynamical Processes, Applications of First Law, Reversible & irreversible processes.

Second law & Entropy, Carnot's cycle & theorem, Entropy changes in reversible & irreversible processes, Entropy-temperature diagrams, Third law of thermodynamics, Unattainability of absolute zero.

Clausius Clapeyron Equation, Joules Law, Joule Thomson effect.

Thermodynamic Potentials: Enthalpy, Gibbs, Helmholtz and Internal Energy functions, Maxwell's relations & applications. Clausius- Clapeyron Equation, Expression for  $(C_P - C_V)$ ,  $C_P/C_V$ , TdS equations.

**Kinetic Theory of Gases:** Derivation of Maxwell's law of distribution of velocities and its experimental verification, Mean free path (Zeroth Order), Transport Phenomena: Viscosity, Conduction and Diffusion (for vertical case), Law of equipartition of energy (no derivation) and its applications to specific heat of gases, mono-atomic and diatomic gases.

**Theory of radiation:** Black body radiation, Spectral distribution, Concept of energy density, Derivation of Planck's law, Deduction of Wein's distribution law, Rayleigh Jeans law, Stefan Boltzmann law and Wein's displacement law from Plank's law.

Maxwell Boltzmann law- distribution of velocity- Quantum statistics, Phase space, Fermi-Dirac distribution law, electron gas, Bose-Einstein distribution law, photon gas, comparison of three statistics.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Thermal Physics, S. Garg, R. Bansal and C. Ghosh, 1993, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. A Treatise on Heat, Meghnad Saha, and B.N. Srivastava, 1969, Indian Press.
- 3. Thermodynamics, Enrico Fermi, 1956, Courier Dover Publications.
- 4. Thermodynamics, Kinetic theory & Statistical thermodynamics, F.W.Sears &G.L.Salinger. 1988, Narosa
- 5. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.

#### **Practicals**

1. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and

Barne's constantflow method.

- 2. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation.
- 3. To determine Stefan's Constant.
- 4. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of copper by Searle's Apparatus.
- 5. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom'sMethod.
- 6. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.
- 7. To determine the temperature co-efficient of resistance by Platinum resistance thermometer.
- 8. To study the variation of thermo emf across two junctions of a thermocouple withtemperature.
- 9. To record and analyze the cooling temperature of an hot object as a function of time using a thermocouple and suitable data acquisition system
- 10. To calibrate Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) using Null Method/Off-BalanceBridge

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint & H. T. Workshop, 1971, AsiaPublishing House.

2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.

**3**. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition,2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

4. A Laboratory Manual of Physics for Undergraduate Classes, D.P. Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Publication.

# **Semester III**

# ( AIDP-3)

#### Additional/Interdisciplinary subject/ Thermodynamics

#### (Credits: Theory-

#### 02+Practical-2)

1. Laws of Thermodynamics: Thermodynamic Description of system: Zeroth Law of thermodynamics and temperature. First law and internal energy, conversion of heat into work, Various Thermodynamical Processes, Applications of First Law: General Relation between CP&  $C_V$ , Work Done during Isothermal and Adiabatic Processes, Compressibility & Expansion Coefficient, Reversible & irreversible processes.

2. Second law & Entropy, Carnot's cycle & theorem, Entropy changes in reversible & irreversible processes, Entropy-temperature diagrams, Third law of thermodynamics, Unattainability of absolute zero.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Thermal Physics, S. Garg, R. Bansal and C. Ghosh, 1993, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. A Treatise on Heat, Meghnad Saha, and B.N. Srivastava, 1969, Indian Press.
- 3. Thermodynamics, Enrico Fermi, 1956, Courier Dover Publications.
- Thermodynamics, Kinetic theory & Statistical thermodynamics, F. W. Sears &G. L. Salinger. 1988, Narosa
- 5. University Physics, Ronald Lane Reese, 2003, Thomson Brooks/Cole.

#### **Practicals**

1. To determine Mechanical Equivalent of Heat, J, by Callender and Barne's constantflow method.

2. Measurement of Planck's constant using black body radiation.

3. To determine Stefan's Constant.

4 .To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of copper by Searle's Apparatus.

5. To determine the Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity of Cu by Angstrom'sMethod.

6. To determine the coefficient of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Lee and Charlton's disc method.

7. To determine the temperature co-efficient of resistance by Platinum resistance thermometer.

8. To study the variation of thermo emf across two junctions of a thermocouple withtemperature.

9. To record and analyze the cooling temperature of an hot object as a function of time using a thermocouple and suitable data acquisition system

10 To calibrate Resistance Temperature Device (RTD) using Null Method/Off-BalanceBridge

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint & H. T. Workshop,

1971, AsiaPublishing House.

2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers.

3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11<sup>th</sup> Edition,2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

4.A Laboratory Manual of Physics for Undergraduate Classes, D.P. Khandelwal, 1985, Vani Publication.

#### **B.Sc. PHYSICS SKILL COURSE / VOCATIONAL COURSE FIRST**

### Semester I<sup>st</sup> or 3<sup>rd</sup> BASIC ELECTRONICS (02 CREDITS)

Diode, valve, triode Valve, Tetrode Valve, their characteristics, P-N Junction, Transistors, PNP, and NPN, their characteristics, common emitter, common base, and common base configurations.

Rectifier half wave and Full wave, Filter L-section and  $\pi$ -section, principles of CRO, Principle of operational amplifier.

Boolean algebra, logic Gates, Binary hexadecimal, octal decimal systems, LED, Photodiode. Tunnel diode, Point contact diode, Schotkey diode, SCR.

#### **Reference Books**

1.Electricity and electronics – Saxena, Arora and Prakash (Pragrati Prakashan Meerut).

2. Principles of electrical engineering and electronics, v K Metha and Rohit Mehta (S Chand Publication Delhi).

# Semester IV Core Subject-1 OPTICS

#### (Credits: Theory-04, Practicals-02)

**Superposition of Two Collinear Harmonic oscillations**: Linearity and Superposition Principle. (1) Oscillations having equal frequencies and (2) Oscillations having different frequencies (Beats).

**Superposition of Two Perpendicular Harmonic Oscillations**: Graphical and Analytical Methods. Lissajous Figures (1:1 and 1:2) and their uses.

**Waves Motion- General**: Transverse waves on a string. Travelling and standing waves on a string. Normal Modes of a string. Group velocity, Phase velocity. Plane waves, Spherical waves, Wave intensity.

**Oscillations:** Simple harmonic motion. Differential equation of SHM and its solutions, Kinetic and Potential Energy, Total Energy and their time averages, Damped oscillations.

**Sound:** Simple harmonic motion - forced vibrations and resonance - Fourier's Theorem, Application to saw tooth wave and square wave - Intensity and loudness of sound - Decibels - Intensity levels - musical notes - musical scale. Acoustics of buildings:Reverberation and time of reverberation - Absorption coefficient - Sabine's formula - measurement of reverberation time - Acoustic aspects of halls and auditorium.

**Wave Optics:** Electromagnetic nature of light, Definition and Properties of wave front, Huygens Principle.

**Interference:** Interference: Division of amplitude and division of wavefront, Young's Double Slit experiment, Lloyd's Mirror and Fresnel's Biprism, Phase change on reflection: Stokes' treatment. Interference in Thin Films: parallel and wedge-shaped films. Fringes of equal inclination (Haidinger Fringes, Fringes of equal thickness (Fizeau Fringes). Newton's Rings: measurement of wavelength and refractive index.

**Michelson's Interferometer:** (1) Idea of form of fringes (no theory needed), (2) Determination of wavelength, (3) Wavelength difference, (4) Refractive index, (5) Visibility of fringes.

**Diffraction:** Fraunhofer diffraction: Single slit; double Slit. Multiple slits & Diffraction grating, Fresnel Diffraction: Half-period zones. Zone plate, Fresnel Diffraction pattern of a straight edge, a slit and a wire using half-period zone analysis.

**Polarization:** Transverse nature of light waves. Plane polarized light – production and analysis, Circular and elliptical polarization.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Optics, F A Jenkins and H E White, 1976, McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Principles of Optics, B.K. Mathur, 1995, Gopal Printing.
- 3. Fundamentals of Optics, H.R. Gulati and D.R. Khanna, 1991, S. ChandPublication.
- 4. University Physics, F W Sears, M.W. Zemansky and, H. D. Young.

# **Practicals**

- 1. To investigate the motion of coupled oscillators.
- 2. To determine the Frequency of an Electrically Maintained Tuning Fork by Melde's Experiment and to verify  $\lambda_2 T$  Law.
- 3. To study Lissajous Figures.
- 4. Familiarization with Schuster's focussing; determination of angle of prism.
- 5. To determine the Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's method).
- 6. To determine the Refractive Index of the Material of a given Prism using Sodium
- 7. Light.
- 8. To determine Dispersive Power of the Material of a given Prism using MercuryLight.
- 9. To determine the value of Cauchy Constants of a material of a prism.
- 10. To determine the Resolving Power of a Prism.
- 11. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel Biprism.
- 12. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.
- 13. To determine the wavelength of Laser light using Diffraction of Single Slit.
- 14. To determine wavelength of (1) Sodium & (2) Mercury light using plane diffraction Grating. To determine the Resolving Power of a Plane Diffraction Grating.
- 15. To measure the intensity using photosensor and laser in diffraction patterns of single and double slits.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint & H. T. Workshop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- 2. Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- 3. A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition, 2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

# Semester IV (AIDP-4)

### Additional/Interdisciplinary subject/Multidisciplinary Subject-

#### **Elementary optics**

#### (Credits: Theory-02+Practical-2)

Electromagnetic nature of light, Definition and Properties of wave front, Huygens Principle. Aberration in lenses, Eye-pieces. Resolving power of Telescope and Microscope.

**Interference:** Interference: Division of amplitude and division of wavefront. Young's Double Slit experiment

**Diffraction:** Fraunhofer diffraction: Single slit . Diffraction grating. Fresnel Diffraction. Fresnel Diffraction pattern of a straight edge,

**Polarization:** Transverse nature of light waves. Plane polarized light – production and analysis. Circular and elliptical polarization.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Optics, F A Jenkins and H E White, 1976, McGraw-Hill
- 2. Principles of Optics, B.K. Mathur, 1995, Gopal Printing
- 3. Fundamentals of Optics, H.R. Gulati and D.R. Khanna, 1991, R. Chand Publication
- 4. University Physics, FW Sears, MWZemanskyandHDYoung13/e,1986. Addison-Wesley.

# **Practicals**

1. To investigate the motion of coupled oscillators.

2. To determine the Frequency of an Electrically Maintained Tuning Fork by Melde's Experiment and to verify  $\lambda_2 - T$  Law.

- 3. To study Lissajous Figures.
- 4. Familiarization with Schuster's focussing; determination of angle of prism.

5. To determine the Coefficient of Viscosity of water by Capillary Flow Method (Poiseuille's method).

6. To determine the Refractive Index of the Material of a given Prism using Sodium Light.

7. To determine Dispersive Power of the Material of a given Prism using Mercury Light.

8. To determine the value of Cauchy Constants of a material of a prism.

9. To determine the Resolving Power of a Prism.

10. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Fresnel Biprism.

11. To determine wavelength of sodium light using Newton's Rings.

- 12. To determine the wavelength of Laser light using Diffraction of Single Slit.
- 13. To determine wavelength of (1) Sodium & (2) Mercury light using planediffraction

Grating. To determine the Resolving Power of a Plane Diffraction Grating.

14. To measure the intensity using photosensor and laser in diffraction patterns of single and double slits.

#### **Reference Books:**

- Advanced Practical Physics for students, B. L. Flint & H. T. Workshop, 1971, Asia Publishing House.
- Advanced level Physics Practicals, Michael Nelson and Jon M. Ogborn, 4th Edition, reprinted 1985, Heinemann Educational Publishers
- A Text Book of Practical Physics, Indu Prakash and Ramakrishna, 11th Edition,2011, Kitab Mahal, New Delhi.

### BSC PHYSICS SKILL COURSE / VOCATIONAL COURSE FIRST

### SEMESTER- 2<sup>nd</sup> or 4<sup>th</sup> WAVES AND OSCILLATIONS (02 CREDITS)

#### HAMONIC OSCILLATION

Solution of equation of harmonic motion, simple pendulum, compound pendulum, motion of a vertically loaded spring, LC circuit, energy in simple harmonic motion, addition of simple harmonic motion, damped vibrations, relaxation time, forced harmonic oscillator, sharpness of resonance.

#### WAVES

Nature, production, and propagation, equation of progressive wave, forms of wave equation, longitudinal waves, superposition of waves, stationary waves, their characteristics, and their analytical treatment, phenomenon of beats, Fourier analysis, Fourier theorem, evaluation of constants,  $A_0$ ,  $A_n$  and  $B_n$ , applications of Fourier analysis, square wave, saw tooth wave, vibration of a stretched strings, velocity, vibrations of a rectangular membrane, velocity, Doppler's shift, ultrasonic waves-definition, production and applications.

Reference Books

- 1. A textbook of waves and oscillations, Ashok K Ganguli (S Chand).
- 2. Oscillations and waves, Satya Prakash (Pragrati Prakashan Meerut).